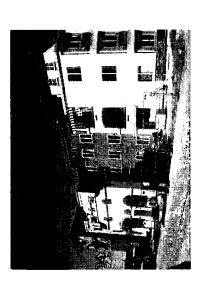
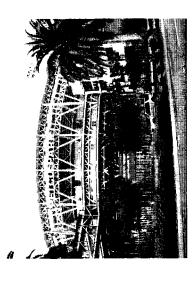
### SCS ENGINEERS







## UST Cleanup Fund Update

September 16, 2010

Presented by: Daniel E. Johnson, Vice President

## Background

- Since 1991 \$2.7B Paid Out
- 19,000 claims filed
- 4,000 Active; 4,600 Pending (D claims)
- \$40,000 claim/year rose to \$50k/yr
- Pay as you go pay worked until recently
- and revenue decline from less gas taxes 2008 – cash reserves being depleted
- Led to "crisis" and SWRQB hearing

## What Happened and What Has Been Done

### WHAT HAPPENED?

- to pay all active claims; suspension of many "C" claimants and delay of payments for other classes small businesses struggling
- 3/9/09 SWRCB created two stakeholder task forces to review regulatory and program management of the UST program
- External audit commissioned
- Audit confirms program and cash flow management must improve and incentives not aligned to close cases

### **RESPONSES**

- Groundwater monitoring semiannual vs. quarterly (est \$30M)
- AB1188 Increase gas tax (40%)
- All Regional Boards & LOPs reviewed cases for closure by June 2010; 279 cases recommended for closure – (\$10M + in savings)
- Extensive processing and program changes underway
- New Financial Manager position
- Budgets for all small business claims – New Business Model 7/1/11

# Budgeting and the New Business

 Three Way Collaboration – RP/Consultant Model

and Regulatory Agency and Fund:

- recommendation/audit implement basic - Program change a result of task force program and project management
- Get buy in on project approach, plan, and budget up front Plan and manage
- Pilot study already underway to beta test
- management and should minimize second guessing and allow processing of R/Rs in - Intended to improve cash flow/budget

## Budgeting and the New Business Model

- · July 1, 2011 all Priority A, B and C claims will have a budget and project plan:
- Available funding will be capped
- Priority and budget depends on where site regulatory priority, available \$ in Fund is in cleanup process, claim status,
- Budget and R/R forms/claims are to be aligned
- posted on Fund's website in late October, Budget caps, forms, & instructions will be

September 10, 2010

To: Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund Claimants and Interested Parties

### CHANGES IN UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK CLEANUP FUND OPERATIONS

This letter is to inform you that the Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund (Fund) is changing the way we conduct business, effective July 1, 2011. The Fund is changing to a "new business model" that will allow us to be more proactive in balancing our cash flow both at the individual claim level and at the overall program level. For the claimant, this new business model will increase the predictability in the amount of funding available for individual site cleanups each year, and will allow for faster reimbursement processing and payments times.

This letter does not apply to Priority D claims, which will continue to be reimbursed as they have in the past and receive a minimum of 14 percent of available revenue annually.

### **Claim Budgets**

Beginning July 1, 2011, all claims in Priority A, B, and C will be required to be on a budget. These budgets will be based on site-specific scopes of work for the upcoming year (Fiscal Year 2011/2012), and will be updated annually. The amount of funding available for each claim will be capped according to where the case is in the cleanup process, the Priority of the claim, and the overall funding available during the fiscal year.

Budget caps, detailed instructions and necessary forms for completing the claim budget process will be posted to the Fund's website in late October. We are encouraging all claimants and consultants to sign up for the Fund's electronic mailing list to receive updates as they become available: (http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/resources/email\_subscriptions/ust\_subscribe.shtml) Fund staff will be available to help with this budgeting process, so that all the necessary claim budgets are in place by July 1, 2011.

### Reimbursements of Old Costs

"Old costs" are any eligible corrective action costs incurred before July 1, 2011. These include costs that have been approved for reimbursement by the Fund and are now on hold awaiting revenue, any appealed costs approved in past or future decisions, and other costs that have been incurred but not yet submitted to the Fund.

Our priority during this current fiscal year will be to pay off outstanding "old costs", once a budget is approved by the Legislature and Governor.

Based on current projections, we expect to have approximately \$215 million in fiscal year 2010/2011 to pay "old costs".

Beginning next fiscal year (2011/2012), our priority will be to pay budgeted costs under the new business model. Any unpaid "old costs" remaining at the end of the year ending June 30, 2011, will be paid as a secondary priority as funds are available.

While ample revenue is expected to pay all costs approved to date, some costs submitted for payment later this year will be carried over to next or subsequent years. Claimants and their consultants should plan accordingly as they conduct work during the remainder of this fiscal year.

If you have any questions or concerns, please contact the Fund at (800) 813-FUND (3863) or by e-mail at USTCleanupFund@waterboards.ca.gov. Additional Fund related information, can be found on the web site at: http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water\_issues/programs/ustcf/.

Sincerely,

John Russell Fund Manager, Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund FY 2009/2010

Claim Reimbursement \$ 184 million

Reimbursements: FY 2009/2010:

#			
<b>Payments</b>	Priority Class	Percentages	
107	Α	1.50%	\$ 2,755,460
2,819	В	63.48%	\$ 116,927,413
734	С	20.89%	\$ 38,477,937
380	D _	14.13%	\$ 26,032,583
4,040		100.00%	\$ 184,193,393

Estimated Reimbursements: FY 2010/2011 (see notes below):

Priority Class	<b>Percentages</b>	
A	2%	\$ 4,600,000
В	65%	\$ 149,500,000
С	19%	\$ 43,700,000
D	14%	\$ 32,200,000
•	100.00%	\$ 230,000,000

FY 2009/2010

5-Year Reviews Completed 1497 (Letters of Commitment open

for more than 5 years)

Estimated FY 2010/2011 5-Year Reviews Completed (Letters of Commitment open for more than 5 years)

1400

### Notes:

- Totals for Claims excludes CP, EAR, OSCA
- Estimated FY 2010/2011 5-Year Reviews Completed are less than FY2009/2010 as staff will be working on more site closure recommendations for the Board.
- Estimated Reimbursements: FY 2010/2011 We are currently reworking the way the Fund will do business. These estimates are likely to change based on our actual revenues and our expenditures based on those revenues.

### **State Water Resources Control Board**



### Division of Financial Assistance

1001 I Street • Sacramento, California 95814
P.O. Box 944212 • Sacramento, California • 94244-2120
(916) (916) 341-5632 • FAX (916) 341-5806 ◆ www.waterboards.ca.gov/cwphome/ustcf



June 28, 2010

Pilot Project Participants
Fund and Regulator Coordination Pilot Project

UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK CLEANUP FUND (FUND), PHASE II OF THE FUND AND REGULATOR COORDINATION PILOT PROJECT, REIMBURSEMENT REQUEST PROCESSING

The Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund (Fund), Technical Services Unit (TSU) staff thank you for your participation in Phase I of the Fund and Regulator Coordination Pilot Project (Pilot Project). Phase I is now complete, and the Fund is ready to begin Phase II of the Pilot Project. Your continued participation is truly valued by the Fund.

The primary goals of the Pilot Project are three-fold: 1) to develop an annual budgeting process; 2) to improve reimbursement request (RR) processing efficiency; and 3) to help develop procedures to balance Fund income with claim reimbursements. Based on the lessons learned from the Pilot Project, these procedures will be extended to all A, B, and C priority claims in the Fund. Phase I consisted of developing a one-page project narrative, an annual budget scope of work (SOW), and a realistic path and timeframe to reach site closure for each site. The principal benefit of the annual budget SOW is that it represents agreement between the regulator, the Fund, the claimant and the claimant's consultant, **before work is implemented, or any money is spent**. The Fund has now issued Pre-approval (PA) letters formalizing agreements for those who reached concurrence on their annual budget SOW. To date, the Fund has reached concurrence on 25 annual budgets, and issued 25 PA letters.

Phase II of the Pilot project will be implementation of the annual budget SOW and processing of reimbursement requests (RRs) by the Fund. The Fund TSU staff will take the lead on implementing Phase II.

In order to process RRs for work conducted in the Pilot Project, a new RR spreadsheet (attached) has been developed that directly correlates the annual budget SOW to the invoices. This new RR spreadsheet should be used for all work conducted in the Pilot Project. The goal of the new spreadsheet is to make processing your RR more efficient by comparing the budget amount allocated with the amount you are requesting for a given task and work phase in a specific quarter of the annual budget. As long as claimants stay within the approved budget, RRs will move as efficiently as possible through the Fund's payment unit. All back-up invoices must still be submitted with the RR package in the event of cost over-runs, audits, random checks, or other special circumstances.

California Environmental Protection Agency



When completing the RR spreadsheet for work conducted in the Pilot Project, use the calendar year 2010 for "*Budget Period*." Horizontally, across the top of the spreadsheet in the "*Work Phase Breakdown*," fill in the total budgeted amount for 2010 only. Below and to the left of the Work Phase Breakdowns, vertically list the invoices being submitted, the amount requested by work phase, and the total amount requested for that invoice. If you need help in completing your first RR spreadsheet for the Pilot Program, contact information is listed below.

Since the fiscal year 2009/2010 Fund revenues have now been fully disbursed, the Fund will not have any more revenue with which to pay claims until the State Legislature and the Governor pass the annual State budget. The Fund has caught up with processing B claim invoices, and will begin making payments again when revenue becomes available. Therefore, the Fund suggests that you plan appropriately for the 2010/2011 fiscal year payment interruption period. The Fund is committed to paying the budgeted allotments for the 2010/2011 fiscal year to the claims in the Pilot Project in as timely a manner as possible. However, by July 2011, all claims in the Fund will be on budgets like the Pilot Projects. At that point, budgets for Pilot Project claims will likely be rolled into the comprehensive budgeting process for all claims in the Fund, which is scheduled to begin July 1, 2011.

If you have any questions please contact David Charter at 916 341-5652, or Marie McCrink at (916) 341-7373 or by email, <a href="mailto:mtmccrink@waterboards.ca.gov">mtmccrink@waterboards.ca.gov</a>.

Sincerely,

John Russell, P.G. Fund Manager

Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund

Claimants

CC:

David M. Rhodes

Vern Ingram

John Rwell

Carol A. Gamble

Darell D. Mann

Nirmaljeet Singh Khroud

Ramon Rivas

Ed Bissonette

Gong Groceries, Inc.

Cirvelli Survivor's Trust of 1983

Merced County Department of Public Works

Short Family Investment Co.

### Pilot Project Participants June 28 2010

- 3 –

Los Camperos, Inc.
Dickey Petroleum, Inc.
Tom Zigerelli
Bubble Clean, Inc.
Jeffrey P. Hughes
Conrad A. Mcgee
Cora M. Matney
Nam Chul Paik
Khalid Siddiqui
Jay & Donna Fox
City of Dixon, Attn: Janet Koster
Sally Chang
Hari Kalra
Kenneth & Susan Taylor

### Consultants:

Stephen T. Spenser, P.E., URS Corporation CC A Zaki Niaz, P.E., ASR Engineering, Inc. Lee H. Morse, P.G., Condor Earth Technologies, Inc. Phil Goalwin, E2C Remediation Drew Van Allen, Environmental Compliance Group Kenneth W. Rank, P.G., Associated Soils Analysis Jeanne Homsey, P.E., ATC Associates, Inc. Roger Hoffmore, P.G., Closure Solutions, Inc. William F. Digirolamo, P.G., The Source Group, Inc. Michael S. Sgourakis, P.G., Apex Environtech, Inc. Katie Weimer , HerSchy Environmental Robert Fourt, CHG, M.J. Kloberdanz & Associates Kevin J. Brown, P.G., GeoCon Consultants, Inc. Robert S. Fagerness, P.E., Central Valley Environmental Mark Jonas, P.G., Conestoga-Rovers & Associates Scott D. Keesey, P.E., Broadbent & Associates, Inc.

### Regulators:

cc: Eric Swenson, Merced County LOP
Jeffrey Hannel, CVRWQCB, Fresno
Warren Gross, CVRWQCB, Fresno
Jon Whiting, CVRWQCB, Fresno
Sue Erikson, Sacramento County LOP
Misty Kaltrader, Solano County LOP
Brian Grey, Lahontan RWQCB

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### **State Water Resources Control Board**



### **Executive Office**



Charles R. Hoppin, Chairman
1001 I Street • Sacramento, California 95814 • (916) 341-5603
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 100 • Sacramento, California • 95812-0100
Fax (916) 341-5615 • http://www.waterboards.ca.gov

JUN 8 - 2010

The Honorable Ira Ruskin California State Assembly State Capitol, Room 3123 Sacramento, CA 95814

Dear Assembly Member Ruskin:

UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK CLEANUP FUND (FUND)

I am pleased to provide you with a brief report on the improvements we are making to the Fund. We briefed you on some of these improvements recently at the May 5, 2010, budget subcommittee hearing, and you requested this written follow-up report.

Enclosed is the Cleanup Fund's Action Plan which provides action items and the status of actions to improve Cleanup Fund operations. Also enclosed are written answers to the questions provided in the May 5, 2010, hearing staff report.

If you or your staff would like additional information regarding this report, please contact me at (916) 341-5615, or Mr. Allan Patton, Division of Financial Assistance, at (916) 341-5131.

Sincerely.

Dorothy Rice Executive Director

### **Enclosures**

cc: Honorable Anna Caballero, California State Assembly Honorable Danny Gilmore, California State Assembly Honorable Jared Huffman, California State Assembly Honorable Jim Silva, California State Assembly Honorable Bob Blumenfield, California State Assembly Honorable Jim Nielsen, California State Assembly Mr. Jay McKeeman, CIOMA

### State Water Resources Control Board Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund

### **ACTION PLAN**

### Background

The Barry Keene Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund Act of 1989 created the Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund Program (Cleanup Fund) to help owners and operators of petroleum USTs satisfy federal and state financial responsibility requirements. To fulfill the federal financial requirements, the Cleanup Fund is available to assist petroleum underground storage tank owners and operators with the costs to cleanup contaminated soil and groundwater caused by leaking tanks. The federal financial responsibility requirements also require the Cleanup Fund to provide certain coverage for third-party liability due to unauthorized releases of petroleum from underground storage tanks.

Since the Cleanup Fund program began operations in 1991, the State Water Resources Control Board (State Water Board) has paid over \$2.2 billion to thousands of individuals and small businesses to help them cover the cost of cleaning up their gas stations and other leaking tank sites. Another \$500 million has been paid to local governments and large businesses. This financial assistance program is supported by fees paid by tank owners to the Board of Equalization.

During the course of the program, over 19,000 claims have been filed. Some 11,000 claims have been paid in part or in full, of which about 7,000 have been closed and about 4,000 remain active. Another 4,600 claims filed by major corporations and government agencies are on our priority list, awaiting activation. Individual payment transactions have numbered more than 66,000, for a long-term average payment of about \$40,000/claim/year.

During the late 1990s and most of the 2000s, the program was able to accommodate all eligible claims filed by small businesses and individuals. The cost of cleanups, however, has increased over the last few years as the annual cost per claim rose to \$50,000.

In 2008, the cash reserve built up in the early years of the program fell below prudent reserves, and the program experienced a cash shortage. This shortage was made worse because of a concurrent dip in revenues due to the slow-down in the economy. Insufficient cash was available to service all of the active claims, and payments were and remain delayed by many months. This created a sudden and severe hardship for our small business claimants and their consultants, who are also small businesses.

SWRCB USTCF Action Plan

In response, the State Water Board held a public hearing on March 9, 2009, to receive testimony from stakeholders, and directed staff to develop and implement actions to remedy the problems. Through this stakeholder input and self-examination, Board staff confirmed that the problem was two pronged: 1) There was a need to improve the business model and processes at the Cleanup Fund to better manage the cashflow; and 2) there was the lack of incentive to get cases cleaned up quickly and efficiently. The lack of closure incentive applied to all three major parties: 1) the responsible party or claimant, whose site cleanup bills are paid by the Cleanup Fund; 2) the consultant, who can continue to bill hours as long as the case is active; and 3) the regulator, who generally prefers to close only cases that have minimal or no risk associated with the site closure. As a result of these disincentives, over 43 percent of the active claims have been open for ten years or more.

The State Water Board has taken numerous actions in response to the cash shortage situation. The State Water Board members directed staff to undertake specific steps to attack both parts of the problem – making the Cleanup Fund work better and getting cases to closure more quickly and efficiently. As part of the solution, the Board established two stakeholder task forces to review both the regulatory side and the payment side of the UST Program, and make suggestions for improvements or changes. The Board also directed staff to commission an independent audit of the program.

The work of the audit and task forces began in July 2009 and wrapped up in early 2010. The findings and recommendations of these efforts were consistent and can be organized around four topics: financial management, cost containment, processing efficiency and internal controls.

The audit found that the Cleanup Fund program has been, and remains, too reactive to reimbursements for UST cleanup work. The program couldn't adequately plan expenditures, contain costs or work efficiently because it could not forecast how many payment requests would be received in a given time period, when these requests would be received, or for how many dollars the requests would be for. The auditors recommended that the program convert to a more traditional grant-like program, by putting our small business claimants on a fixed budget and establishing standard invoicing formats and regular invoicing periods. The audit also recommended that the program become more active in determining what activities are to be undertaken at funded sites. The ongoing and proposed actions by the program will be organized with the goal of implementing this core set of recommendations.

The following summarizes actions implemented and to be implemented to address these findings and recommendations.

### **Financial Management and Cost Containment**

To bring long term demand into balance with revenue, the Cleanup Fund needs to reduce the number of active claims and/or reduce the average cost per claim. The reduction in active claims will be accomplished by a continuous review of older cases with the aim of quickly moving them to closure when site conditions warrant. Cost savings for active sites will be achieved by having the Cleanup Fund participate in the development of budgets for our small business claims.

- 1. **Completed**: To immediately save an estimated \$30 million annually, the State Water Board directed that groundwater monitoring at sites be reduced to twice yearly instead of four times yearly, unless site conditions warrant otherwise.
- 2. Underway: The State Water Board directed all Regional Board and Local Oversight Program agencies to complete reviews of all their cases by June 2010 and either close the case if warranted by site conditions, or determine what needs to be done to obtain case closure.
- 3. Underway: State Water Board staff accelerated the review of older cleanup fund cases under existing Health and Safety Code authority. Staff will bring cases before the Board for consideration of closure where appropriate. The first sets of cases were heard by the Board in January and April 2010 and additional cases will be heard by the State Board every few months. The intent is to use this process to encourage regulators to close cases by demonstrating consistent application of State Water Board cleanup policy to underground storage tank cleanups. All of this work is done with full consideration of the protection of water quality and the environment, and human health and safety.
- 4. Underway: The Fund is implementing a systematic and rigorous cash flow projection/reporting process. A Cleanup Fund Financial Manager position was created and filled. This person has the responsibility of conducting regular cash flow projections for the Cleanup Fund and will provide reports to the State Water Board, program staff, stakeholders and our claimants on these projections. This person is also responsible for determining the number of active claims the program can support.
- 5. Underway: The Cleanup Fund will require budgets be developed for all small business claims. This will enable development of program cash flow demand projections and establish cost limits for individual claims. Setting budgets for each of our claimants will also lead to faster and more efficient cleanups by focusing all work to be evaluated against the ultimate goal of case closure. We are implementing a pilot project now to develop and test this claim budget process.

SWRCB USTCF Action Plan

6. Planned: The Cleanup Fund will analyze expenditures by types of costs and project phases to help develop better long-term cash-flow planning. Budgeted claims will request payments organized around budget categories.

7. **Planned:** The Cleanup Fund will begin imposing a stay on any additional payments for claims determined ready for closure under the Five Year Review process, while the case is elevated to the State Water Board for formal consideration of closure.

### **Processing Efficiency**

The Cleanup Fund needs to process our payments more quickly through use of standardized invoices and simpler procedures. Cleanup Fund staff have already implemented numerous changes in this area, but will continue to transition to a more effective budgeted-claim approach.

- Completed: The Cleanup Fund has formed a stakeholder advisory group to provide feedback and suggestions for changes in the program business model.
- 2. **Completed:** The Cleanup Fund changed from an overall two step process to encumber and pay funds to a single step process. This has saved staff time, paper and reduced processing time by one week.
- 3. **Completed:** Cleanup Fund staff reduced the number of steps and people involved in review of a given payment to reduce wait time.
- 4. **Completed:** Cleanup Fund staff eliminated the requirement for submittal of hard-copy reports when these reports are entered into the State Water Board's online cleanup programs database Geotracker via the online Geotracker tools.
- 5. **Completed:** Cleanup Fund staff developed a vendor affidavit to provide proof of payment vs. requiring submittal of cancelled checks.
- 6. **Completed:** Cleanup Fund staff eliminated the need for original wet signatures on some forms where legally defensible to facilitate submittal by email and FAX.
- 7. **Underway:** Cleanup Fund management staff are reviewing individual staff workloads and improving productivity tracking. Telework was canceled for all Fund staff, while we develop our new business model.
- 8. **Underway:** Cleanup Fund staff are creating more user-friendly forms for claimants.

- 9. Underway: Cleanup Fund staff will continue to enhance the program web site so that claimants can more easily determine the status of their payments and otherwise be better informed, thereby improving service and reducing telephone call and email response demands.
- 10. **Planned:** Cleanup Fund staff will standardize invoice formats and establish regular reimbursement schedules for budgeted small business claims. This will further improve processing speed and allow us to better manage cash flows and overall workloads.
- 11. **Underway:** Cleanup Fund management staff will temporarily redirect approximately ten staff from our claims processing unit to our payments processing workload to reduce the backlog of payment requests awaiting review.

### Improve Internal Controls

We plan to implement all of the audit recommendations regarding internal control improvements, including:

- 1. Completed: Cleanup Fund management staff established an independent Cleanup Fund Fraud Team in the State Water Board's Enforcement Office to pursue allegations of fraud, waste and abuse. We will evaluate the results of this effort as it proceeds and consider making this a permanent unit in the Enforcement Office. While, the audit did not make any specific findings regarding fraud, it did identify weaknesses in the program that could result in waste and abuse. If nothing else, this effort will provide feedback to the program as it develops its new business model on how to better contain costs and reduce the risk of fraud, waste and abuse.
- 2. **Planned:** Cleanup Fund staff will establish a real-time payment audit and review processes to ensure payment reviews are accurate.
- 3. **Planned:** Cleanup Fund management staff will also establish management-level quality control processes to evaluate overall payment procedures.

### **Next Steps**

The cash infusion to the Cleanup Fund from AB1188 will allow the program to make payments on the more than \$100 million outstanding payment requests now in-house. It also provides the Cleanup Fund with a window of opportunity to implement changes necessary to prevent the cash shortages from being repeated. The Cleanup Fund must develop and implement the changes discussed today in relatively short order. Cleanup Fund staff will continue to aggressively develop, implement, and monitor these changes. Cleanup Fund

SWRCB USTCF Action Plan

staff will continue to report progress back to the State Board at regular intervals during and after this implementation phase.

### Challenges

With more than \$100 million in payment requests in-house and work of some type ongoing at most of the 4,000 active sites, the challenge will be to accomplish the transition in business model to a budgeted-claim approach while continuing to process payments submitted under the old model. Also, instilling change in a highly decentralized regulatory program that has been in existence for more than two decades remains a challenge.

Although these challenges will be significant and will require a major change in program and stakeholder/claimant operational procedures, the State Water Board is committed to streamlining our operations and bringing this program into a sustainable balance.

### Responses to Questions, Assembly Budget Subcommittee No. 3, Hearing on Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund, May 5, 2010

1. What course of action is the State Water Board taking to lead Regional Water Boards and Local Oversight Agencies to close cases when the threat to human health and the environment have been reasonably abated?

The State Water Board directed Regional Water Boards and Local Oversight Program agencies to review all of their cases and either: 1) close the site following the decisional framework established in prior Board decisions or 2) identify reasons the case can't be closed, and to post that information on online database, Geotracker. The State Water Board directed Cleanup Fund staff to accelerate the Five Year review process and to elevate cases to regulatory agency management when there is a disagreement at the staff level on whether the case can be closed. If there continues to be disagreement, staff will bring the case to the State Water Board for hearing. The State Water Board heard two sets of cases so far and closed ten cases. State Water Board management will be issuing memos to Regional Water Boards and Local Oversight agency management summarizing the key issues addressed by the State Water Board in its closure decisions. This effort is intended to provide guidance to the regulatory agencies on how cases can be considered for closure under differing fact patterns.

2. What steps are the SWRCB taking to ensure that Regional Water Boards and Local Oversight Programs embrace the new cleanup paradigms (risk based closures) in SWRCB Resolution 2009-042 (May 2009) and Resolution 2009-081 (November 2009).

The Five Year review process will apply the Resolutions' framework to Regional Water Boards and Local Oversight Program agency cases. State and Regional Water Boards staff meet frequently and will be discussing the implementation of these Resolutions at each agency. State Water Board management will continue to brief Regional Water Boards Executive Officers on the importance of this effort. Staff will regularly report to the State Water Board on the consistency of implementation.

3. Can the existing 5-year claims review process be expedited? What is the plan (i.e. number) of claims to be reviewed in the next 18 months?

Yes, the State Water Board believes the process can be expedited and is refining the Five Year review process steps- initial consultation with regulatory staff, elevation of cases to organizational management, and elevation to the State Water Board. As a more streamlined process is implemented, the number of cases being considered at the management and State Water Board levels will increase. Closures appear to be increasing. Cleanup Fund staff expect to conduct 1,500 reviews in the next 18 months.

4. Does final closure authority need to be centralized or augmented? If so, how would that be accomplished?

The State Water Board believes the current arrangement where cases are managed at regional and local agencies is the best overall approach, as long as an appeal process and the Five Year review process are available to provide relief to responsible parties.

5. What steps are being taken by the UST Cleanup Fund to enhance accountability of consultants and ensure that only qualified consultants are allowed to perform work?

The State Water Board requires that firms be properly licensed by the appropriate licensing agency.

6. What course of action is the Water Board taking to assure a predictable set of closure standards is being applied to allow site consistent closure?

The State Water Board's decisional framework for case closure relies on analysis of all case specific factors such as age of the release, history of cleanup work completed at the site, the nature and extent of any remaining contaminants, expected impact on beneficial uses, local groundwater hydrogeology, feasibility and value of any additional work, etc. The term "standard" implies a numeric goal, which by definition will be ultra conservative and not lead to predictable closures.

7. Are there statutory impediments to gaining consistent and protective site closure standards?

See discussion under No. 6 above.

8. Are there improvements that can be made to the site closure appeals process?

The State Water Board used an improved, and quicker, site closure notice and documentation process for site closure appeals heard on April 20, 2010. Staff will continue to improve this process.

### Claims Administration

The UST Cleanup Fund Task Force and the Audit both identify an array of shortcomings and ways to make the claims process more efficient. However a number of the recommendations appear to require a significant amount of time to develop and implement. Given that AB1188 expires in less than two years, time is of the essence in developing and implementing programs that restore financial viability to the USTCF.

9. What rapidly deployable program recommendations are likely to have a substantial impact to the cash flow of the UST Cleanup Fund? How has the Fund placed a priority on developing these rapidly deployable programs?

To improve cash-flow, the State Water Board has and will continue to implement actions in the following areas: 1) reducing costs at individual sites covered by active claims; 2) reducing the number of active Cleanup Fund sites by closing low-risk sites and delaying activation of new claims until sufficient cash will be available; 3) processing payments more quickly; and 4) improving cash projection practices.

Some of the "rapidly deployable" actions already completed or underway include: 1) reduction in groundwater monitoring frequency, 2) review and closure of claims where appropriate, 3) improvements in payments processing and paperwork, and 4) establishment of a Fund Financial Manager. The Cleanup Fund will also stop paying on claims determined ready for closure through the Five Year Review process, until heard by the State Water Board. This will stop ongoing payment for unnecessary work and save funds for cases where work is needed. Additional staff have been redirected to review payment requests to reduce the backlog.

Rapidly deployable recommendations will be implemented as identified and vetted. The intent is to focus on actions that are easily implemented and that have significant impact.

10. Has the USTCF developed a tiered implementation plan for the recommendations made by the various commentaries on Fund problems and needs?

Yes, and the Cleanup Fund staff established the following priorities: 1) monitor cash flow closely; 2) make payments quickly when funds become available; 3) continue to reduce the payment processing time for payment requests; 4) close cases more quickly; and 5) implement a budget process for small business claimants.

11. Has the Board considered outsourcing of claims processing to deal with work shortages?

Not recently. Past analyses identified problems in doing this because of civil service issues. In addition, it would be difficult to direct a contractor during this period of quickly shifting processes and priorities.

12. Has the Board set up a triage method for determining that appropriate technologies are being planned or employed?

Yes, this will be done through the claim budget process. The process will involve a three-way negotiation between the regulator, claimant/consultant and Cleanup Fund as to what work should be completed at the site. This will include consideration of what technology is appropriate.

13. Has the Board established a quick method for appealing claims issues and differences of opinions?

The appeal process has been revised and streamlined, but the State Water Board continues to have a significant number of appeals pending.

The State Water Board implemented some steps to streamline the "easy" cases by using standard appeal request forms, standard format decision letters and a triage system. Cleanup Fund staff now require that appeals be submitted with a Reimbursement Request in order to process those costs found eligible in a shorter time-frame.

Many remaining appeals are complex and involve issues such as dividing costs between eligible and ineligible sources, or winding through complicated property ownership transactions to establish eligibility. These appeals require significant staff time and can not be resolved quickly.

Ultimately, the best way for the State Water Board to deal with appeals involving cost issues, is to reduce the number of appeals by putting the small business claims on a budget. If everyone knows what the costs and work are going to be before incurred, there is much less likelihood that an appeal will ensue.

14. What steps have been taken to ensure that claims are processed and paid (if funding is available) within 60 days, as required by statute<sup>1</sup>?

Cleanup Fund staff streamlined procedures and paperwork. Most significantly, the Cleanup Fund temporarily reassigned claims staff to work on payments and initiated a focused effort to make payment reviews current by the end of the fiscal year.

Some of the new processes and changes include:

New Reimbursement Request (RR) Form Released – Allows claimants to designate an RR contact person.

Letter of Commitment (LOC) Change – Cleanup Fund staff are no longer encumbering money against each claim. Cleanup Fund staff reduced the number of LOCs being created and the workload that goes along with processing them.

Proof of Payment (POP) Affidavit – Cleanup Fund staff prepared a form for claimants to use when submitting POP documentation. This will reduce the amount of paper coming into the program. This is the preferred method of the Cleanup Fund, but staff can still request additional information if needed.

Pay Out – When funds are received, the Cleanup Fund Payout Group releases the payments. To speed up the process, staff eliminated the need to print out Payment Letters and the other additional documentation. The documentation that was usually sent out with the Payment Letters is being sent with the Revenue Hold Letters.

Wet Signature – To speed up certain processes, staff are now accepting photocopy signatures for the Address Change Form, Std. 204, and Proof of Payment Affidavit.

Modified RR Review Process – To speed up reviews, staff have been directed to review sub-invoices only if needed to clarify information on the primary invoice.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> H&SC 25299.57(i)(1)

### State Water Resources Control Board Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund ACTION PLAN

Since the Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund program began operations in 1991, the State Water Board has paid over \$2.2 billion to thousands of individuals and small businesses to help them cover the cost of cleaning up their gas stations and other leaking tank sites. Another \$500 million has been paid to local governments and large businesses. This financial assistance program is supported by fees paid by tank owners to the Board of Equalization.

During the course of the program, over 19,000 claims have been filed. Some 11,000 claims have been paid in part or in full, of which about 7,000 have been closed and about 4,000 remain active. Another 4,600 claims filed by major corporations and government agencies are on our priority list, awaiting activation. Individual payment transactions have numbered more than 66,000, for a long-term average payment of about \$40,000/claim/year.

During the late 1990s and most of the 2000s, the program was able to handle all eligible claims filed by small businesses and individuals. The cost of cleanups, however, has increased over the last few years as the annual cost per claim rose to \$50,000.

The cash reserve built up in the early years of the program fell below prudent reserves in 2008, and the program experienced a cash shortage. This shortage was made worse because of a concurrent dip in revenues due to the economy slow-down. We did not have sufficient cash to service all of the active claims, and payments were and remain delayed by many months. This created a sudden and severe hardship for our small business claimants and their consultants, who are also small businesses.

In response, the State Water Board held a public hearing on March 9, 2009, to receive testimony from stakeholders and directed staff to develop and implement actions to deal with the problem.

We confirmed that the problem was two pronged – First, there was a need to improve the business model and processes at the Fund and second we needed to address the lack of incentive to get cases cleaned up quickly and efficiently. The lack of closure incentive applied to all three major parties: 1) the responsible party or claimant, whose bills are paid by the Cleanup Fund, 2) the consultant, who bills hours so long as the case is active, and 3) the regulator, who would like to close cases with no risk whatsoever. As a result of these disincentives, over 43 percent of the active claims have been open for ten years or more.

The Board has taken numerous actions in response to the situation. They directed staff to undertake specific steps to attack both parts of the problem – making the Cleanup Fund work better and getting cases to closure more quickly and efficiently. As part of the solution, the Board established two stakeholder task forces to review both the

regulatory and payment side of the cleanup fund process and make suggestions for improvement or changes. The Board also directed staff to commission an independent audit of the program.

The work of the audit and task forces began in July 2009 and wrapped up in early 2010. The findings and recommendations of these efforts were consistent and can be organized around four topics: financial management, cost containment, processing efficiency and internal controls.

The audit found that the Fund reimbursement program has been and remains too reactive to what comes in the door. The program couldn't adequately plan expenditures, contain costs or work efficiently because it could not forecast how many payment requests would be received in a given time period, when, or for how much. The auditors recommended that the program convert to a more traditional grant-like program, by putting our small business claimants on a budget and establishing standard invoicing formats and regular invoicing periods. The audit also recommended that the program become more active in determining what activities are to be undertaken at funded sites. The ongoing and proposed actions by the program will be organized with the goal of implementing this core set of recommendations.

The following summarizes actions implemented and to be implemented to address these findings and recommendations.

### **Financial Management and Cost Containment**

To bring long term demand into balance with revenue, we need to reduce the number of active claims and/or reduce the average cost per claim. The reduction in active claims will be accomplished by a continuous review of older cases with the aim of quickly moving them to closure when site conditions warrant. Cost savings for active sites will be achieved by having the Cleanup Fund participate in the development of budgets for our small business claims.

- 1. **Completed**: To immediately save an estimated \$30 million annually, the State Board directed that groundwater monitoring at sites be reduced to twice yearly instead of four times yearly, unless site conditions warrant otherwise.
- 2. **Underway:** We directed all Regional Board and Local Oversight Program agencies to complete reviews of all their cases by June 2010 and either close the case or determine what needs to be done to obtain case closure.
- 3. Underway: We accelerated the review of older cleanup fund cases by the State Board staff under existing Health and Safety Code authority. Staff will bring cases before the Board for consideration of closure where appropriate. The first sets of cases were heard by the Board in January and April 2010 and additional cases will be heard by the State Board every few months. The intent is to use this process to encourage regulators to close cases by demonstrating consistent

application of State Board cleanup policy to underground storage tank cleanups. All of this work is done with full consideration of the protection of water quality and the environment, and human health and safety.

- 4. Underway: We are implementing a systematic and rigorous cash flow projection/reporting process. We have created and filled a Cleanup Fund Financial Manager position. This person has the responsibility of conducting regular cash flow projections for the Cleanup Fund and will provide reports to the State Water Board, program staff, stakeholders and our claimants on these projections. This person is also responsible for determining the number of active claims the program can support.
- 5. **Underway:** We will require budgets be developed for all small business claims. This will enable development of program cash flow demand projections and establish cost limits for individual claims. Setting budgets for each of our claimants will also lead to faster and more efficient cleanups by focusing all work to be evaluated against the ultimate goal of case closure. We are implementing a pilot project now to develop and test this claim budget process.
- 6. **Planned:** We will analyze expenditures by types of costs and project phases to help develop better long-term cash-flow planning for the Fund. Budgeted claims will request payments organized around budget categories.
- 7. **Planned:** We will begin imposing a stay on any additional payments for claims determined ready for closure under the Five Year Review process, while the case is elevated to the State Water Board for formal consideration of closure.

### **Processing Efficiency**

We need to process our payments more quickly through use of standardized invoices and simpler procedures. We have already implemented numerous changes in this area, but will continue to transition to a more effective budgeted-claim approach.

- 1. **Completed:** We formed a stakeholder advisory group that is meeting for the first time today (May 5, 2010) to provide feedback and suggestions for changes in the program business model.
- 2. **Completed:** We changed from an overall two step process to encumber and pay funds to a single step process. This has saved staff time, paper and reduced processing time by one week.
- 3. **Completed:** We reduced the number of steps and people involved in review of a given payment to reduce wait time.
- 4. **Completed:** We eliminated the requirement for submittal of hard-copy reports when posted on the Board's online cleanup program website Geotracker.

- 5. **Completed:** We developed a vendor affidavit to provide proof of payment vs. requiring submittal of cancelled checks.
- 6. **Completed:** We eliminated the need for original wet signatures on some forms where legally defensible to facilitate submittal by email and FAX.
- 7. **Underway:** We are reviewing individual staff workloads and improving productivity tracking. We canceled all telework for Fund staff, while we develop our new business model.
- 8. **Underway:** We are creating more user-friendly forms for claimants.
- 9. Underway: We will continue to enhance the program web site so that claimants can more easily determine the status of their payments and otherwise be better informed, thereby improving service and reducing telephone call and email response demands.
- 10. **Planned:** We will standardize invoice formats and establish regular reimbursement schedules for budgeted small business claims. This will further improve processing speed and allow us to better manage cash flows and overall workloads.
- 11. Planned: We will temporarily redirect approximately ten staff from our claims processing unit to our payments processing workload to reduce the backlog of payment requests awaiting review.

### **Improve Internal Controls**

We plan to implement all of the audit recommendations regarding internal control improvements, including:

- 1. Completed: We established an independent Cleanup Fund Fraud Team in our Enforcement Office to pursue allegations of fraud, waste and abuse. We will evaluate the results of this effort as it proceeds and consider making this a permanent unit in the Enforcement Office. While, the audit did not make any specific findings regarding fraud, it did identify weaknesses in the program that could result in waste and abuse. If nothing else, this effort will provide feedback to the program as it develops its new business model on how to better contain costs and reduce the risk of fraud, waste and abuse.
- 2. **Planned:** We will establish a real-time payment audit and review processes to ensure payment reviews are accurate.
- 3. **Planned:** We will also establish management-level quality control processes to evaluate overall payment procedures.

### **Next Steps**

The cash infusion to the Fund from AB1188 will allow the program to make payments on the more than \$100 million outstanding payment requests now in-house. It also provides the Fund with a window of opportunity to implement changes necessary to prevent the cash shortages from being repeated. The Fund must develop and implement the changes discussed today in relatively short order. The State Board will be briefed on progress at its May 18, 2010 meeting. Staff will continue to aggressively develop, implement, and monitor these changes. Staff will continue to report progress back to the State Board at regular intervals during and after this implementation phase.

### Challenges

With more than \$100 million in payment requests in-house and work of some type ongoing at most of the 4,000 active sites, the challenge will be to accomplish the transition in business model to a budgeted-claim approach while continuing to process payments submitted under the old model. Also, instilling change in a highly decentralized regulatory program that has been in existence for more than two decades remains a challenge.

Although these challenges will be significant and will require a major change in program and stakeholder/claimant operational procedures, the State Water Board is committed to streamlining our operations and bringing this program into a sustainable balance.

### A REPORT FROM CORE ENVIRONMENTAL FOUNDATION, INC.

Re: Highlights of August 12, 2010 meeting of the USTCF Advisory Group

The California UST Cleanup Fund is moving to a new business model. It will be "budget-based," both for sites and for the Fund itself. The Fund will be spending the money to get sites to closure.

CORE Environmental Foundation, Inc. was one of the 15 members appointed by the State Water Resources Control Board to the Fund's "Task Force" which met in 2009 and 2010. CORE is now a member of the smaller "Advisory Group" for the Fund, which met on August 12, 2010 in Sacramento. Several important points were made.

- "Budgeting" is being applied to claims and sites as the Fund goes along. The goal is to have budget-based system in place by July 2011. Another Fund goal is to "live within our means" and have no "suspensions".
- The Fund will be closing out 500 to 1,000 sites, and thus capture \$50 million to be used on the remaining sites. This is a result of the 5 year review process. USTCF is to get sites cleaned up and out of the program. As of June 2010, the Fund had reviewed 834 sites. 1/3 of these, or 279 are recommended for closure. A few sites (87) have been closed by the oversight/regulatory agencies. About twice that many (163) have been referred for review to the Executive Officer of the LOP/LIA. Of this group, 18 have been closed by the Executive Officer. And, 9 have been closed by the State Board. A small number of the sites so closed have been "D" class sites.
- The Fund sees an increase in sites going into the "remediation" phase. This will cause a "spike" in the money spent on individual sites. The age of "rope-a-dope" can't be afforded any longer. The Fund will allocate funds to categories of work, such as investigation, interim remedial measures (removing free product, etc.), remediation, post-remediation monitoring, etc.
- The Fund is not issuing regulatory directives. The claimant responsible party (RP) remains the one who must meet regulatory directives of oversight agencies. The Fund sees a three-way collaboration -- and tension -- among the regulatory oversight agency, the claimant/RP, and the Fund.
- The Fund will be issuing new LOCs ("Letters of Commitment") for B and C categories until sites get closed. But, due to the State budget delay, both Bs and Cs are suspended from payment until the State budget is approved. The Fund expects to be engaging in a rolling evaluation. The LOC applicants will file their applications, which will be processed. The Fund will "open the gate" once or twice a year to let the applicants into the Fund by issuing LOCs -- sort of like metering cars getting onto a freeway.
- In the "new Fund," most of the technical review will be at the beginning before the

work -- and the costs -- are incurred. As a result there are several "new priorities."

- The work must stay with the pre-approved budget. The Fund has no prior year surplus to burn up.
- ➤ The Fund does not want to suspend any claims/reimbursement requests (RRs).
- The Fund will process and pay RRs within 60 days.
- The Fund will reduce the number of active claims from the current 4,000 to a "universe" of 3,000 or 2,000 claims. This smaller number should "fit" with the amount of money available coming into the Fund.
- ➤ All A, B, and C claims will be "on budget" by July 1, 2011.
- The overall goal of the "new Fund" is for all claims to be on budget before the extra funds from AB1188 run out, and have the Fund itself on a budget by July 2011.
- More information is coming in September.